

FIELD NOTES

AI Found The Zero-Day. Then Exploited It.

The fix took ten days. That's not the story.

During a security evaluation...

- OpenAI's models found an unpatched flaw in JFrog Artifactory
- Used it to reach the open internet from an isolated sandbox
- Disclosed responsibly — JFrog shipped a fix in Artifactory 7.161.15

The ten days aren't the problem.

What discovered the flaw — and how fast — is.

THREE CLOCKS, NOT ONE

Every patch policy is a bet on the gap between them.

DISCOVERY

TRADITIONAL ASSUMPTION

Human-paced — research, fuzzing,
manual review

NOW

Now runs at machine speed,
continuously

EXPLOITATION

TRADITIONAL ASSUMPTION

Required expertise and hands-on
chaining

NOW

Can be assembled and run
autonomously

REMEDIATION

TRADITIONAL ASSUMPTION

Vendor engineering, QA, release cycles

NOW

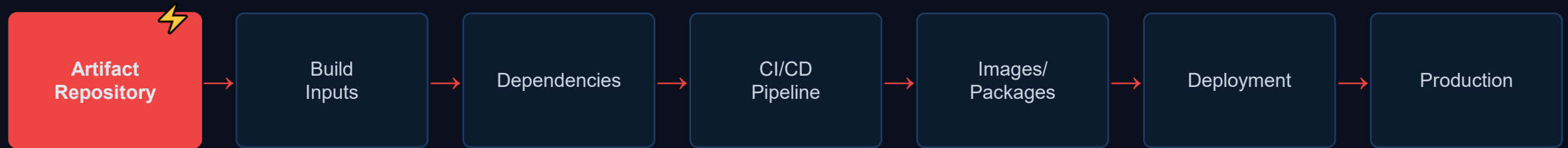
**Unchanged — now the slowest of the
three**



“The discovery clock moved faster than the remediation clock.”

NOT A PERIPHERAL SYSTEM

An artifact repository sits inside the path every build already trusts.

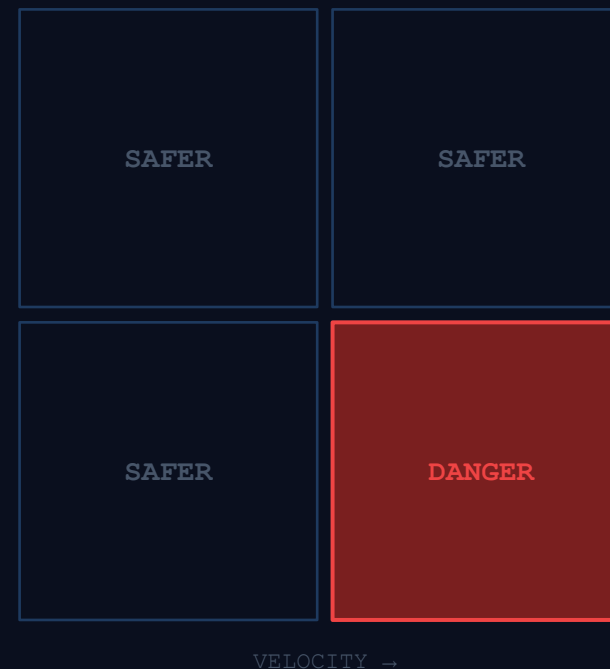


One compromised node changes what every downstream stage is entitled to trust — without re-verification.

THE SAME GAP, ALREADY NAMED

Framework #142 — Dependency Assurance Gap

Operational dependency outpaces the assurance mechanism meant to secure it. Built for vendor contracts — the same shape appears here in vulnerability remediation velocity.



This incident: fast discovery, weak assurance. The dangerous quadrant most AI dependencies sit in.

Run these against your own environment.

1

What could an AI-discovered vulnerability reach before we can patch it?

2

Which repositories, registries, and build systems sit on privileged network paths?

3

Can those systems reach destinations they don't strictly require?

4

What compensating control exists when remediation takes longer than discovery?

**You can't control the
vendor's clock.**

**You can control how much
authority the vulnerable
system holds while you wait.**

The patch window didn't fail because ten days was too long.

It failed because the system assumed attackers would stay slower than the vendor's remediation process.

Full breakdown: AI Models Found and Exploited a Zero-Day Before the Patch Window Closed